

Signal i sustavi

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LS&S
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Kaskadna realizacija (Iterativne varijable stanja)

Zadatak 1.

Za sustav zadan prijenosnom funkcijom nacrtati model i napisati jednadžbe stanja *kaskadnom metodom*

$$H(s) = \frac{(s+2)(s+1)}{(s+3)(s+4)}$$

▪ Rješenje: $U(s) \xrightarrow{H(s)} Y(s)$

$$U(s) \xrightarrow{H_1(s)} Y_1(s) \xrightarrow{H_2(s)} Y(s)$$

Kaskadna realizacija

▪ Faktoriziramo razlomak

$$H(s) = \frac{s+2}{s+3} \cdot \frac{s+1}{s+4} = H_1(s) \cdot H_2(s),$$

$$H_1(s) = \frac{s+2}{s+3},$$

$$Y_1(s) = H_1(s) \cdot U(s) \quad X_1(s)$$

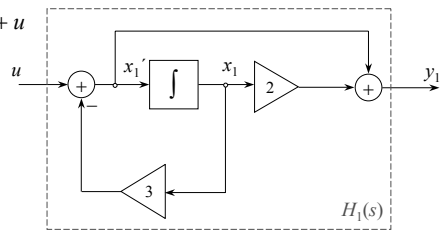
$$= \frac{s+2}{s+3} U(s)$$

$$X_1(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s+3} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_1 = -3x_1 + u, \quad (1)$$

$$Y_1(s) = (s+2) \cdot X_1(s) \Rightarrow y_1 = \dot{x}_1 + 2x_1 = -x_1 + u.$$

Kaskadna realizacija

$$\dot{x}_1 = -3x_1 + u$$

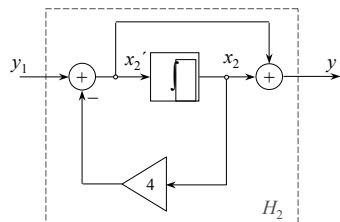


$$Y(s) = H_2(s) \cdot Y_1(s) = \frac{s+1}{s+4} X_2(s)$$

$$X_2(s) = \frac{Y_1(s)}{s+4} \Rightarrow \dot{x}_2 = -4x_2 + y_1 = -x_1 - 4x_2 + u. \quad (2)$$

Kaskadna realizacija

$$Y(s) = (s+1)X_2(s) \Rightarrow y = \dot{x}_2 + x_2 = -x_1 - 3x_2 + u.$$



Kaskadna realizacija

- Jednadžbe stanja:

$$\dot{x}_1 = -3x_1 + u,$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = -x_1 - 4x_2 + u.$$

- Izlazna jednačba

$$y = -x_1 - 3x_2 + u.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 1 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot u,$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix} + 1 \cdot u.$$

Tipična donja trokutasta matrica
(kod kaskadne realizacije)

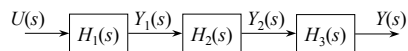
Kaskadna realizacija

Zadatak 2.

Za sustav zadan prijenosnom funkcijom nacrtati model i napisati jednadžbe stanja kaskadnom metodom.

$$H(s) = \frac{(s+1)(s+2)s}{(s+3)(s+4)(s^2+2s+2)} = \underbrace{\frac{s+1}{s+3}}_{H_1} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{s}{s+4}}_{H_2} \cdot \underbrace{\frac{s+2}{s^2+2s+2}}_{H_3}$$

ne razbija se dalje, da ne dobijemo
imaginarne koeficiente $(-1 \pm j)$



Kaskadna realizacija

▪ H_1

$$Y_1(s) = H_1(s) \cdot U(s),$$

$$= \frac{s+1}{s+3} \underbrace{U(s)}_{X_1(s)}$$

$$X_1(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s+3} \Rightarrow x'_1 = -3x_1 + u,$$

$$Y_1(s) = (s+1) \cdot X_1(s) \Rightarrow y_1 = x'_1 + x_1 = -2x_1 + u.$$

Kaskadna realizacija

▪ H_2

$$Y_2(s) = H_2(s) \cdot Y_1(s),$$

$$= \frac{s}{s+4} \underbrace{Y_1(s)}_{X_2(s)}$$

$$X_2(s) = \frac{Y_1(s)}{s+4} \Rightarrow x'_2 = -4x_2 + y_1 = -2x_1 - 4x_2 + u,$$

$$Y_2(s) = s \cdot X_2(s) \Rightarrow y_2 = x'_2 = -2x_1 - 4x_2 + u.$$

Kaskadna realizacija

▪ H_3 $Y(s) = H_3(s) \cdot Y_2(s),$
 $= \frac{s+2}{s^2+2s+2} Y_2(s),$ $Z(s)$

$Z(s) = \frac{Y_2(s)}{s^2+2s+2} \Rightarrow z'' + 2z' + 2z = y_2,$ realizirati direktnom metodom

$x_3 = z,$
 $x_4 = z' = x_3',$
 $x_4' = z'' = -2x_3 - 2x_4 + y_2,$
 $= -2x_1 - 4x_2 - 2x_3 - 2x_4 + u.$

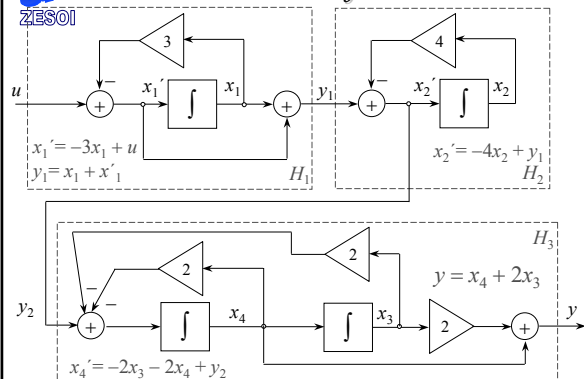
Kaskadna realizacija

$Y(s) = (s+2) \cdot Z(s) \Rightarrow y = z' + 2z = x_4 + 2x_3.$

$\begin{bmatrix} x_1' \\ x_2' \\ x_3' \\ x_4' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & -4 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot u,$

$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \cdot u.$ Trokutasti oblik "pokvaren" zbog direktne realizacije sekcije II reda

Kaskadna realizacija



Paralelna realizacija (Kanonske varijable stanja)

$$H(s) = \frac{b_m s^m + \dots + b_0}{a_n s^n + \dots + a_0} = d_0 + \frac{c_1}{s - s_1} + \dots + \frac{c_n}{s - s_n}.$$

Rastav na parcijalne razlomke.

$s_i, \quad i = 1, \dots, n$ — jednostruki realni polovi.

$$d_0 = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} H(s) \quad c_k = (s - s_k) H(s) \Big|_{s=s_k}, \quad X_k(s)$$

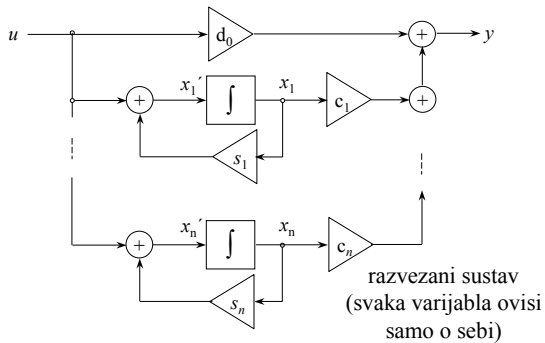
$$Y(s) = H(s) U(s) = d_0 U(s) + \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{c_k}{(s - s_k)} U(s)$$

Paralelna realizacija

$$X_k(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s - s_k} \Rightarrow x'_k = s_k \cdot x_k + u,$$

$$Y(s) = d_0 U(s) + \sum_{k=1}^n c_k X_k(s) \Rightarrow y = d_0 u + \sum_{k=1}^n c_k x_k.$$

Paralelna realizacija





Paralelna realizacija

Zadatak 1

Nacrtati simulacijski dijagram i napisati stanja pomoću kanonskih varijabli (paralelna realizacija)

$$H(s) = \frac{s^2 + 7s + 12}{s(s+1)^2(s+2)}.$$

Rješenje:

$$H(s) = d_0 + \frac{c_{11}}{(s+1)^2} + \frac{c_{12}}{(s+1)} + \frac{c_{21}}{s} + \frac{c_{31}}{(s+2)}, \quad d_0 = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} H(s) = 0.$$

uočiti rastav višestrukog pola!!!



Paralelna realizacija

Višestruki polovi

višestrukost pola s_i

$$c_{ij} = \frac{1}{(j-1)!} \cdot \frac{d^{j-1}}{ds^{j-1}} \left[(s-s_i)^j H(s) \right]_{s=s_i},$$

$$c_{11} = (s+1)^2 \cdot H(s) \Big|_{s=-1} = (s+1)^2 \cdot \frac{s^2 + 7s + 12}{s(s+1)^2(s+2)} \Big|_{s=-1} = \dots = -6,$$

$$c_{12} = 1 \cdot \frac{d}{ds} \left[\frac{s^2 + 7s + 12}{s(s+2)} \right]_{s=-1} = \frac{(2s+7)s(s+2) - (s^2 + 7s + 12)(2s+2)}{[s(s+2)]^2} \Big|_{s=-1} = \dots = -5,$$

$$c_{21} = sH(s) \Big|_{s=0} = 6, \quad c_{31} = (s+2)H(s) \Big|_{s=-2} = -1.$$



Paralelna realizacija, izbor varijabli stanja

$$Y(s) = -6 \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{(s+1)^2} U(s)}_{X_1} - 5 \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{s+1} U(s)}_{X_2} + 6 \cdot \underbrace{\frac{1}{s} U(s)}_{X_3} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{s+2} U(s)}_{X_4}$$

$$X_1(s) = \frac{U(s)}{(s+1)^2} = \frac{X_2(s)}{s+1} \Rightarrow x_1' = -x_1 + x_2,$$

$$X_2(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s+1} \Rightarrow x_2' = -x_2 + u,$$

$$X_3(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s} \Rightarrow x_3' = u,$$

$$X_4(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s+2} \Rightarrow x_4' = -2x_4 + u.$$

Paralelna realizacija

$$y = -6x_1 - 5x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4.$$

- Jednadžbe stanja: Jordanov blok, -1 višestruki korjen

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \\ \dot{x}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot u.$$

Paralelna realizacija

Izlazna jednadžba:

$$y = [-6 \quad -5 \quad 6 \quad -1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \cdot u.$$

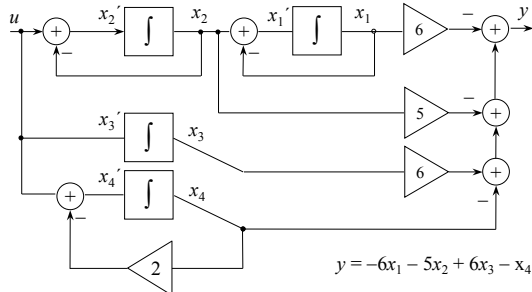
- Za jednostruke polove u matrici A ostaju samo dijagonalni elementi.
- Za n – struke polove p javlja se Jordanov blok ($n > 1$).

Jordanov blok u općem slučaju:

$$\begin{bmatrix} p & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & p & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & p & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & p & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & p \end{bmatrix} n=5$$

Blok dijagram (realizacija):

$$x_1' = -x_1 + x_2, \quad x_2' = -x_2 + u, \quad x_3' = u, \quad x_4' = -2x_4 + u.$$



$$y = -6x_1 - 5x_2 + 6x_3 - x_4.$$

Zadatak 2., paralelna realizacija

$$H(s) = \frac{(s+2) \cdot (s+1)}{(s+3) \cdot (s^2+4s+5)},$$

$s_{1,2} = -2 \pm j \Rightarrow$ konjugirano
kompleksna rješenja

$$H(s) = d_0 + \frac{C_1}{s+3} + \frac{C_2 \cdot s + C_3}{s^2+4s+5},$$

$$d_0 = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} H(s) = 0,$$

$$C_1 = (s+3)H(s)|_{s=-3} = 1.$$

nastavak

- $C_2, C_3 = ?$
- Metoda jednakih koeficijenata.

$$H(s) = \frac{(s+2)(s+1)}{(s+3)(s^2+4s+5)} = \frac{1}{s+3} + \frac{C_2 \cdot s + C_3}{s^2+4s+5},$$

$$\frac{s^2+3s+2}{(s+3)(s^2+4s+5)} = \frac{s^2+4s+5 + (C_2 \cdot s + C_3) \cdot (s+3)}{(s+3)(s^2+4s+5)}.$$

- Izjednačimo brojnike

$$s^2 + 3s + 2 = s^2(1 + C_2) + s(4 + 3C_2 + C_3) + (5 + 3C_3),$$

$$1 + C_2 = 1 \quad \Rightarrow C_2 = 0,$$

$$5 + 3C_3 = 2 \quad \Rightarrow C_3 = -1,$$

$$4 + 3C_2 + C_3 = 3,$$

$$4 + 3 \cdot 0 - 1 = 3,$$

$$3 = 3.$$

$$H(s) = \frac{1}{s+3} - \frac{1}{s^2+4s+5},$$

$$Y(s) = H(s) \cdot U(s) = \frac{1}{s+3} U(s) - \frac{1}{s^2+4s+5} U(s),$$

$$X_1(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s+3} \quad \Rightarrow x_1' = -3x_1 + u,$$

$$X_2(s) = \frac{U(s)}{s^2+4s+5} \quad \Rightarrow x_2'' + 4x_2' + 5x_2 = u,$$

$$x_2' = x_3,$$

$$x_3' + 4x_3 + 5x_2 = u,$$

$$x_3' = -5x_2 - 4x_3 + u.$$

$$Y(s) = x_1(s) - x_2(s),$$

$$y = x_1 - x_2.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1' \\ x_2' \\ x_3' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -5 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot u.$$

Matrica A nije dijagonalna i nema samo Jordanove blokove.

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + 0 \cdot u.$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = -3x_1 + u,$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = x_3,$$

$$y = x_1 - x_2.$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = -5x_2 - 4x_3 + u,$$

